

Unit #3 Review Sheet- Test on Tuesday January 12

What was the Native American perspective about European land ownership and use?

Native Americans thought that the Europeans didn't have any respect for the land. They didn't think it was right that the British fenced off the land and destroyed their hunting grounds.

Why did they think this?

- Native Americans believed you could use the land and its resources, but not own land.
- Native Americans believed that the land was never yours to own and the idea of fences was very strange to them.
- When Native Americans received money for land from Europeans they did not see it as "selling the land."
- When Native Americans signed treaties giving Europeans land they did not see the treaty in the same way as Europeans. Often they saw it as an agreement where both groups would still have the use of the land.

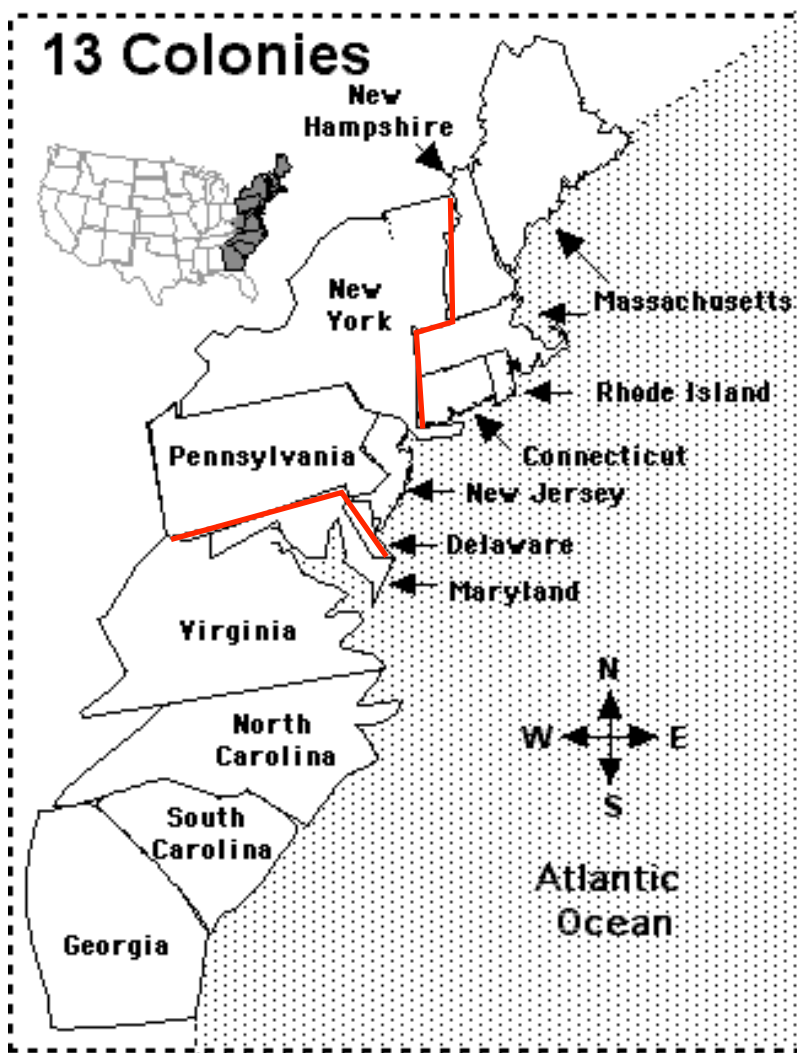
What was the European perspective on Native American land ownership and use?

Europeans believed that the Native Americans didn't understand the value of land ownership and that Native Americans viewed one piece of land as valuable as any other.

Why did they think this?

- Europeans believed you had a right to own the land.
- Europeans felt that to show ownership you put a fence around land.
- Europeans felt you could buy land and then it would become yours to own.
- When Europeans signed a treaty that gave them Native American land, they believed they then owned the land.

Know the location of the original 13 colonies and the boundaries for the three regions.



Where is the boundary between the New England and the Middle Colonies?
New York and New Hampshire

Where is the boundary between the Middle and Southern Colonies?
Pennsylvania and Maryland

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What were the major reasons for the conflicts between the British and Native Americans?

The British tended to come into conflict with the tribal land use patterns.

The British thought “Now the land is ours,” and the Native Americans thought, “They build fences trying to mark off land they cannot own.”

Why was the relationship between the Native Americans and the French better than the relationship between the Native Americans and the British?

The French focused more on business and trading with the Native Americans than pushing them out of the area and owning the land.

What was the major factor for the development of the cash crop of tobacco in Jamestown?

The climate and land were ideal for growing the cash crop of tobacco.

What was a negative effect of the success of cash crops?

As the desire to increase the amount of tobacco grew, more land was needed. This forced Native Americans off their land.

Why was the success of the cash crop of tobacco a problem for the relationship between the Native Americans and the British colonists?

The more successful the cash crop of tobacco became the more land was needed to grow it. This pushed the Native Americans off their land.

A flow chart can show the sequence of events. What is the correct flow of events for the establishment of the House of Burgesses using these events: more people, more rules, successful cash crop, more money and more land.

Successful cash crop → More money → More land → More people → More rules

Geography plays a very important part in where people settle and how they survive there. What regional settlement pattern is true for the Southern Colonies?

Settlements in the Southern Colonies were mostly determined by plantations and climate.

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Match the correct causes of events with the correct effects.

Causes

- A. Religious intolerance
- B. Climate, seasons, good farming skills
- C. Growing demand for more soil
- D. Need for a skilled work force
- E. Successful economies in agriculture, ship building, and trading

Effects

- E.** Need for more organized governments to emerge
- D.** increased immigration creates ethnic diversity
- B.** Leading to a successful cash crop
- C.** Native Americans lose land
- A.** New colonies established

If you were a ship builder what colonial region would you live in? Why?

You would live in the Middle Colonies because of the settlements being on the coastal areas that had large harbors for trading goods.

If you were an indentured servant what colonial region would you live in? Why?

You would live in the Souther Colonies because of the opportunity to work on a plantation growing a cash crop to pay off your debt to the King of England.

If you were a lumberer what colonial region would you live in? Why?

You would live in the New England colonies because of the vast forests there.